

STATISTICAL DATA OF INCEST TRAUMA CENTER - BELGRADE FOR THE YEAR OF 2005.

Incest Trauma Center - Belgrade publishes data in September each year	Gender structure	survivors	female 82,07% male 17,95%	
		offenders	male 97,87% female 2,13%	
	Forms of violence reported to Incest Trauma Center - Belgrade and frequency		1) Sexual abuse in childhood 61,64% 2) Sexual, physical and emotional abuse of children in institutions by helpers 11,32% 3) Emotional and physical abuse of children in family 11,23% 4) Sexual abuse of adult women 9,62% 5) Sex trafficking 6,11%	
	Forms of sexual abuse in childhood and frequency		a) father figure-child 44,67% - (biological) father- daughter 31,91% - (biological) father-son 6,38% - stepfather-daughter 6,38% b) person outside the family known to child - child 29,79% c) abuse of younger minors by the older minors 10,64% - permanently taken care of in homes for children without parental care 7,51% - placed outside the homes (private accomodation) 3,13% d) brother-sister 8,51% - brother 6,29% - cousin 2,22% e) member of external family-child 4,26% f) mother-daughter 2,13%	
	Age of the first incident		7 years 7 months	
	Duration	for months	10,25%	
		for years	89,75% (5 years 8 months in average)	
	Reporting in acute situation		25,64%	
	Period between the first incident and reporting		9 years	
	Offenders and frequency		Father figure 44,67% (biological father 38,29%, stepfather 6,38%) Person outside the family known to child 29,79% Minor offender 10,64% Brother 8,51% Member of external family 4,26% Mother 2,13%	
	Abuse by	one two three and more	offenders	71,79% 10,26% 17,95%
	Abuse consisted of			Obscene phone calls, exhibitionism, voyeurism, fondling, children's pornography, attempt to have sexual intercourse, rape, incest and children's prostitution <u>Note:</u> Offenders often anally abuse the youngest children, knowing it will be difficult to recognise both for professionals and family members.
	Use of physical force			23,08%
	Who is reporting and frequency			Survivor 37,5% Mother 20% Police 17,5% Non-governmental organizations 7% Homes for children without parental care 5,5% Members of external family, supportive person close to family 5% Social work centers 5% Health care services (psychologists, psychiatrists) 2,5%
Reporting to other institutions before coming to Incest Trauma Center-Belgrade			69,23%	
Institutions to whom was reported and frequency			Police 33,15% Social work centers 30,71% Health care services 21,95% Court 9,75% Non-governmental organizations 2% Media 2,44%	
Incest Trauma Center-Belgrade support through	hot line personal contacts in short and long term		25,64% Short-term support (up to 6 months) 28,28% Long-term support 71,72%	

Note: To pay attention to the specific characteristic of this year's sample (survivors of age are 1/3 of the sample, 61,54% are 18-27 years old, and 38,46% are older than 27)- compare with 2001. when 64.28 % of sample were children under 5!